

Regional Consultation on zoonotic influenza Human-Animal Interface

Second meeting of the GF-TADs Permanent Group of Experts on Avian Influenza

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PAHO work at the human-animal interface for zoonotic influenza

The Infectious Threat Management Unit of the Health Emergency Department (PHE/IHM) and the PANAFTOSA Center of the Department of Communicable Diseases and Environmental Health Determinants (CDE/PANAFTOSA) have been working for the last 6 years to promote work on zoonotic influenza at the human-animal interface.

Baseline Regional survey in 2017

Opening meeting in PAHO headquarters
 in 2017

Country workshops involving OVSs
 and Public Health authorities













Regional consultation on zoonotic influenza human-animal interfaz

On March 2023, in Rio de Janeiro, took place this Regional Consultation to:

- Review the experiences in the response and lessons learned from the countries with occurrence of avian influenza outbreaks
- 2. Strength regional work on the human-animal interface with countries, WHO Collaborating Centers and strategic partners
- 3. Update guidelines on influenza at the human-animal interface and PAHO/WHO recommendations to strengthen intersectoral work in surveillance, early detection, and response







Methodology

Intersectoral working groups made up of representatives from Argentina, Brazil, Canada, Chile, Colombia, Ecuador, the United States of America, Guatemala, Mexico, WHO, WHO CCs, WOAH, FAO, OIRSA, IICA

Consultation with directed questions and *ad hoc* discussions. Blocks discussed:

- 1 Surveillance, prevention and early detection of zoonotic influenza
- 2 Emergency preparedness and response
- 3 Governance mechanisms and regulatory frameworks
- 4 Risk assessment and analysis with an intersectoral character
- 5 Risk communication strategies

- ✓ Context
- Experiences/ Good practice
- ✓ Challenges
- Actions/Recommendations
- ✓ Opportunities







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Results











Block 1 Intersectoral work in surveillance

- Generate reciprocal work mechanisms for the process of human and animal surveillance and data interpretation
 - Enabling platforms to share information effectively
- Strengthen animal surveillance of avian and swine influenza subtypes that are of public health interest (beyond the WOAH Code)
 - PAHO/WHO Recommendations



- Strengthen the collaboration of national human and animal laboratories
- Include and strength animal samples for shipment to the WHO CCs
 - Activate animal reference laboratories
- Consider the use of Public Health resources to strengthen influenza surveillance in the animal sector.
- Establish regional commissions on influenza work at the interface















Block 2 Emergency preparedness and intersectoral response

- Establish protocols and joint actions, with wellestablished roles that address:
 - Epidemiological investigation that contributes to the counterpart,
 - Risk communication for different populations under the emergency,
 - Biosafety training for the workers involved.
- Carry out drills that put into practice the established protocols.
- Conduct joint emergency risk assessments
- Institutionally implement joint round tables to facilitate the exchange and analysis of information, joint risk assessments, and emergency preparedness and response
 - Development of guidelines and tools adapted for the joint response
- Review interaction protocols between laboratories for efficient and rapid exchange of samples















Block 3Governance mechanisms and regulatory frameworks

- Establish regulations for zoonotic influenza with funds for routine work and emergency response
- The intersectoral interface in the context of the emergency proposed scenarios with a certain heterogeneity despite the reference standards and agreements, for example in relation to the different organizational levels (municipal, jurisdictional)



- Everything that is invested in animal health is being invested in human health. Invest more
 in animal health so that human health is protected.
- Include the industry to obtain resources Insurance compensation







- **Build capacity** for risk assessment at the interface,
 - Implement the use of support tools for risk analysis
 - Carry out risk assessment involving all interested parties: human, animal, and environmental parts (laboratory, epidemiology, managers, communications);
 - Guarantee the flow of information in a timely manner among all the actors involved.
- Use risk assessment to **guide decision-making**, both for **surveillance and for response**
- Risk assessments must be carried out not only during emergencies, but also in times of peace
- Use risk assessments to update pandemic preparedness plans

















Block 5 Risk communication

- Develop a National Risk Communication Plan for zoonotic influenza:
 - Inclusion of participation of all interested sectors
 - Invest in training and awareness in communication (eg with producers, academic institutions);
 - Aligned and pre-established messages with joint spokespersons, with concepts of animal health and public health;
 - For the creation and discussion of this plan, a multidisciplinary team is necessary, including experts in social sciences.



- Communicate early both the situation and the key messages to strengthen the prevention and control of the event;
- Guide messages based on technical evidence
- Strengthen the use of didactic materials (eg: infographics, Twitter, podcast, management of special communities (radio), etc.)
- Carry out the evaluation of the impact of risk communication.







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Next Steps











Next steps

- Develop and publish regional guidelines on influenza at the human-animal interface including PAHO/WHO recommendations to strengthen surveillance, prevention, early detection, investigation, and response
- Develop and publish a regional document on technical Q&A on zoonotic influenza (eg, surveillance strategies, clinical management, vaccination, sample shipment, etc.)
- Strengthen technical collaboration at national level through joint missions
- Implement monitoring mechanisms for multisectoral collaborations (eg: SPAR)
- Consolidate a technical group within SARInet plus for intersectoral work on influenza at the human-animal interface

















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Thank you!!







